Bank docs not have any specific scheme for provision of financial assistance to States for slum improvement. However, under general urban sector project proposals, State Governments arc free to propose slum improvement components in addition to other urban development components.

(b) In view of (a) above question does not arise.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

Supply of Gas to Assam Gas Cracker Project

3828. SHRI PARAG CHALIHA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that launching of Assam Gas Cracker Project at Kattalguri has been stalled due to non-supply of 0.60 MMSCMD gas;

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor; and

(c) by when the project is likely to be supplied the said gas?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (DR. S. VENUGOPALACHARI): (a) to (c) The implementation of the Assam Gas cracker project has been delayed as the project authorities have raised several issues relating to the project such as pricing of associated gas for additional one lakh TPA of ethylene, satisfactory arangement regarding ownership and operation of the gas separation plant and supply of lean gas to the extent of 0.6 MMSCMD for captive power generation. Several meetings have been held with the project authorities and other agencies to resolve these issues.

TA/DA to Central Government Employees Living in Peripheral Towns of Delhi

3829. DR. D. MASTHAN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether TA/DA on tours is admissible to the Central Government employees under the rules from the place of residence being even in the peripheral towns situated within 8 kms of urban agglomeration;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) if not, the reasons therefor; and

(d) whether Government propose to issue orders to the effect that persons residing at places other than Faridabad would also be eligible for TA/DA?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS (SH. S.R. BALASUBRAMON1YAN): (a) to (d) Travelling Allowance/Daily Allowance is admissible to all Central Govt. employees for tours beyond 8 kms. from the duty point, irrespective of the fact whether their residence is situated within 8 kms. of urban agglomeration or not. Therefore, the question of issuing any furhter orders in this regard does not arise.

Gas and Coal based Power Plants of NTPC

3830. SHRIMATI JAYANTI PATNAIK: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the number of gas and coal based power plants set up by NTPC in the country and the capacity of each plant;

(b) whether NTPC proposes to set up any new power plants during 9th Five Year Plan;

(c) if so, the states where the new plants are proposed to be set up; and

(d) the details of the proposal of the NTPC in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (DR. S. VENUGOPALACHARI): (a) National Thermal Power Corporation (NTPC) has, so far, commissioned 11 coal based projects and 5 combined cycle gas/liquid fuel based power projects located in different parts of the country. Details showing the installed capacity of each of the power plants are given in the enclosed statement. (see below).

(b) to (d) Yes, Sir. NTPC is presently implementing Vindhyachal Super Thermal Power Project Stage II (2x500 MW), Madhya Pradesh, Feroze Gandhi Unchahar Thermal Power Project Stage II (420 MW), Uttar Pradesh and Kayamkulam Combined Cycle Power Project (400 MW) in Kerala. These projects are expected to give benefit during the 9th Plan period.

Statement

Gas & Coal based Power Projects of NTPC

SI. No.	Name of the project	installed capacity (MW)
1.	Singrauli STPP (Coal)	2000
2.	Rihand STPP (Coal)	1000
3.	National Capital Power Project (coal)	840
4.	Feroze Gandhi Unchahar TPP St. I (coal)	420
5.	Dadri CCGBPP (gas)	817
6.	Anta CCGBPP (gas)	413
7.	Auraya CCGBPP (gas)	652
8.	Vindhyachal STPP St. I (coal)	1260
9.	Korba STPP (coal)	2100
10.	Kawas CCGBPP (gas)	645
11.	Jhanor-Gandhar CCGBPP (gas)	648
12.	Ramagundam STPP (coal)	2100
13.	Farakka STPP (coal)	1600
14.	Kahalgaon STPP (coal)	840
15.	Talcher STPP (coal)	1000
16.	Talcher Thermal Power Station (coal)	460

STPP: Super Thermal Power Project.
CCGBPP: Combined Cycle Gas Based-Power Project. TPP: THERMAL POWER PROJECTS

गुजरात के शहरों में जल-प्रदूषण

3831. **श्री गोपालसिंह जी० सोलंकी:** क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या अत्यधिक जल प्रदूषण के कारण सूरत, भरूच, हजीरा, बडोदरा, अंकलेश्वर और नरोडा शहरों में कोई महामारी फैलने का खतरा पेश आ रहा है;

(ख) क्या पर्यावरण एवं विकास संबंधी अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय संस्थान द्वारा प्रयोजित अध्ययन से पता चला है कि इन शहरों में आपूर्ति किया जा रहा जल 96 प्रतिशत तक प्रदूषित है; और

(ग) इन शहरों में विशेषकर बारिश के मौसम में महामारी के खतरों को टालने और स्वच्छ पेय जल की आपूर्ति और सुरक्षित जल निकास की व्यवस्था सुनिश्चित करने हेतु क्या उपाय किये जा रहे हैं?

शहरी कार्य और रोजगार मंत्रालय की राज्य मंत्री (डा० चू वेंकटेश्वरलू): (क) इस बारे में गुजरात सरकार से कोई रिपोर्ट नहीं मिली है।

(ख) इस प्रकार की कोई अध्ययन रिपोर्ट नहीं मिली है।

(ग) जल आपूर्ति तथा सफाई राज्य का विषय होने के नाते राज्य के लोगों को समुचित जल आपूर्ति तथा सफाई सुविधाएं मुहैया कराने का दायित्व राज्य सरकार का है।

गुजरात सरकार ने बताया है कि वे गत पांच वर्षों के दौरान जल-जनित बीमारियों की स्थिति का अध्ययन कर रहे हैं ताकि भविष्य में इनकी रोकथाम की जा सके। इस बारे में स्थानीय